# AR Solutions in Action

FISCAL YEAR 2023

CDC's Investments to Combat Antimicrobial Resistance Threats

### CONNECTICUT \$3,996,179

One of 10 sites for the Emerging **Infections Program** 

Funding for AR Activities Fiscal Year 2023

#### FUNDING TO HEALTH DEPARTMENTS

\$758,986

Rapid Detection & Response: State, territory, and local public health partners fight AR in health care, the community,

CDC-funded HAI/AR Programs form a network of health departments that detect, prevent, respond to, and contain HAI/AR threats and promote appropriate use of antibiotics and antifungals. CDC's AR Lab Network provides nationwide lab capacity to rapidly detect AR and inform local prevention and response activities to stop the spread of antimicrobial-resistant germs and protect people.



\$745,473

Food Safety projects protect communities by rapidly identifying antimicrobial-resistant foodborne bacteria to stop and solve outbreaks and improve prevention.

Connecticut uses whole genome sequencing to track local outbreaks of Listeria, Salmonella, Campylobacter, Shigella, and Escherichia coli, identifies AR genes, and shares surveillance data with PulseNet. When outbreaks are detected, local CDC-supported epidemiologists respond to stop their spread. Connecticut conducts active, population-based surveillance for foodborne diseases through CDC's Emerging Infections Program.



\$115.136

Fungal Disease projects improve our ability to track resistance to antifungals and stop it from spreading.

Connecticut conducts surveillance to identify fungal diseases, monitor for new and emerging AR, and implement strategies to prevent the spread of AR in high-risk areas. Connecticut conducts population-based surveillance for Candida bloodstream infections through CDC's Emerging Infections Program.



\$1,762,827

The Emerging Infections Program (EIP) HAI component helps answer critical questions about emerging HAI threats, advanced infection tracking methods, and AR in the United States.

The Connecticut EIP performs population-based surveillance for candidemia, Clostridioides difficile, invasive Staphylococcus aureus, and resistant gram-negative bacteria. They also conduct HAI and antimicrobial use prevalence surveys.

Learn more: www.cdc.gov/hai/eip

The AR Investment Map includes data from CDC's largest funding categories for AR. It represents extramural funding that supports AR activities from multiple funding lines in CDC's annual appropriations. Some work received full or partial funding from one-time supplemental appropriations. See the fiscal year 2023 AR Investment Map Supplemental Funding Fact Sheet for more information

NHSN: National Healthcare Safety Network COVID-19: coronavirus disease 2019 STD: sexually transmitted disease HAI: healthcare-associated infection STI: sexually transmitted infection

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AR: antimicrobial resistance

IPC: infection prevention and control

CDC provides critical support in the U.S. and abroad to protect people from antimicrobial resistance.



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2023

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**CONNECTICUT - AR Investments (cont.)** 



\$50,000

**Emerging Infections Program (EIP)** sites improve public health by conducting population-based surveillance and research activities that inform policy and public health practice.

EIP Active Bacterial Core surveillance (ABCs) is an active laboratory- and population-based surveillance system for invasive bacterial pathogens of public health importance. ABCs provides an infrastructure for further public health research, which may include special studies to identify disease risk factors, evaluate vaccine efficacy, and monitor the effectiveness of prevention policies.

Learn more: www.cdc.gov/abcs

### **FUNDING TO UNIVERSITIES & HEALTHCARE PARTNERS**

Yale New Haven Health Services Corporation: Discovering & Implementing What Works



\$563,757

CDC's Project Firstline is a collaborative of diverse partners that provides engaging, innovative, and effective IPC training for U.S. healthcare workers and the public health workforce. It offers resources in a variety of formats to meet the diverse learning needs and preferences of the healthcare workforce. Partners host events, create tools, and publish resources that help healthcare workers better understand and correctly implement IPC.

Learn more: www.cdc.gov/infectioncontrol/projectfirstline

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HAI: healthcare-associated infection
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